# Intellectual Property rights

In Music industry

#### What are IPRs?

- Intellectual Property Rights
- Gives protection to immaterial rights
- Gives the exclusive right to use these subjects
- Anyhow, protection time is limited
- Exploitation by different contracts

#### Various IPRs?

- Copyrights (including Related Rights)
- Trademark
- Trade name
- Domain
- Patents
- Industrial design right
- Trade secrets

#### Copyrights

- Literary or artistic work
- A requirement that the work must be sufficiently independent and original to obtain protection. (copyright criteria)
- Probably no one else would end up in the same form of expression as you have in your work.
- No protection if the work is incurred fully as a result of the mechanical work (AI)
- Neither if the artist is not a human being

# Copyrights

- No criterion of quality
- No criterion of artistry
- No criterion of investment
- Independent and unique work is not necessarily of high quality

#### No copyright protection

- No protection to: idea, method, concept, structure
- No protection to: theory, notion, algorithm
- No protection to: laws, regulations, decisions
- No protection to: TV format, adventure tour

#### Protection begins

- In a moment of creation
- Does not require registration
- © do not give right, but it shows that you own these rights
- But how can you prove that you have this right?

# Content of Copyright

- The author is always a human being, work creator
- Anyone who has created a work of art. In the musical field authors are song- and lyrics writers, arrangers and translators
- With agreements you may transfer part of your copyrights and get extra value to your work
- 1. Copyright organization 2. Production companies

#### Content of Copyright

- You have an exclusive right to economical use. It is your decision how to use works or not use at all.
- The right to deny using
- By joining Teosto, you relinquish the economic rights of all your musical works to someone else. But in some cases, it is worth it.
- The protection period is 70 years from the creator's death year.

#### Economical rights

- The author's exclusive right to determine about the work. Includes the following rights: making copies, streaming and public performance of the work as well as distributing it among the public and public showing.
- The author may relinquish his/her rights through an agreement.
- As a copyright owner, you have also the right to create, relinquish or deny derivative or variations of the song.

## Moral Rights

- Right of respect
  - Author's right forbids altering work in a slandering manner or deprecating the author
- Right of attribution
  - The right of the songwriter to have his/her name credited as per good manners.

# Related Rights / Neighboring rights

## Related Rights

- Performers as actors, vocalists, musicians 50%
- Performing fees; copying, radio, TV, internet, streaming
- Production company (owner of the producer code of the record) 50%
- Radio-signal, YouTube, TV-broadcasting: films, music, sports

#### Photos

- Exclusive right to produce copies of the photo, and show these photos
- Same moral rights, Right of respect and attribution. Also, the right to relinquish or deny derivatives or variations of the photo
- The photo subject is not protected, who ever can take a photo of the same subject.

#### Expiry period of protection

- 70 years of the first release of the copy
- Note! re-mastered material has a new protection period

## Last warning

- For you, it is important to understand the idea of copyrights. It is also important to develop your skills to negotiate about this subject in the right terms.
- If you do not take care of your works' copyrights or related rights, someone else will do it and keep the benefits. You don't get anything
- The protection is the core of the business.